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(54) Method for representing animated menu buttons

(57) Optical storage media often contain data structures for a menu suitable for selection of a title, a chapter, a parameter or others. Such menus usually comprise a number of buttons to be displayed, with each button having a state. Possible states of buttons are "unselected", "selected" or "activated". According to the invention, the representation of a menu button may vary,

depending on its state. An image or an image sequence, e.g. cartoon may be associated to a buttons state, providing user animation. Further, a sound or sound sequence, e.g. melody or click, may be associated to a buttons state, and may be played back when the button enters this state. A data structure is disclosed which allows storage of such menu data e.g. on a Blu-ray disc.

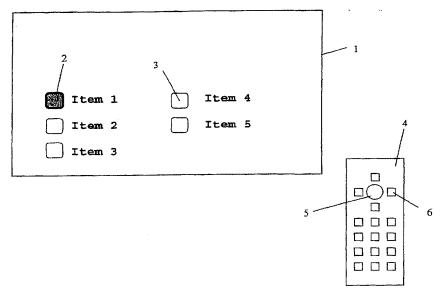


Fig.1

Description

Field of the invention

[0001] This invention relates to a method for adding animated menu buttons to an optical storage medium.

Background

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[0002] Today's optical storage media formats are capable of supporting visual menus, e.g. for content management or control functions. Applications of such visual menus are the selection of one out of multiple titles on the disc, the selection of a chapter within a title, and others. From the user perspective, such menus consist of a number of buttons shown on the display. The user may navigate within the menu, e.g. by pushing the up, down, left and right buttons on his remote control to select a menu button, and may activate a menu button through some kind of "OK" button on the remote control. An indicator, usually a highlight or an arrow, may provide feedback to the user, showing which button is currently selected or activated. A menu button may have one of the states "normal", "selected" or "activated".

[0003] However, known DVD menus are rather limited concerning extra features, since they contain only static visual buttons.

[0004] Further, a subtitling specification contained in the document "ETS 300 743: Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Subtitling System" (DVB-ST), provided by the European Telecommunication Standardization Institute (ETSI), is known for embedding subtitles into video sequences.

Summary of the Invention

[0005] The present invention may be utilized to give more feedback to the user who operates a menu related to an optical storage medium. The feedback comprises visually and/or aurally animated buttons. A method to provide such feedback is disclosed in claim 1.

[0006] A storage medium that contains an animated menu is disclosed in claim 9.

[0007] An apparatus suitable for presenting such menu is disclosed in claim 10.

[0008] According to the invention, a menu button shown on a display may look different, depending on its state. The state may be "normal", "selected" or "activated", and for each of these states the button may have different color or shape. Additionally, a sound or sound sequence may be attached to some or all menu buttons, depending on the buttons state. Examples for sounds are a click or a melody, or a speech sequence. The current invention provides a data structure by which those additional features can be described.

[0009] Advantageous embodiments of the invention are disclosed in the dependent claims, the following description and the figure.

Brief description of the drawing

[0010] An exemplary embodiment of the invention is described with reference to the accompanying drawing in Fig. 1, which shows an on-screen menu according to the invention, and a corresponding remote control.

Detailed description of the invention

[0011] Fig.1 shows a video screen 1 containing a menu that comprises buttons 2,3 and related text describing the buttons. When a user presses a button 5,6 on a remote control 4, the state of a button 2,3 may change, and also the representation of the button. In Fig.1 one button 2 is selected, and thus looks different from the unselected buttons 3. When the user e.g. presses the "right" button 6 on the remote control, another button 3 is selected being right from the currently selected button 2. When the user presses the "OK" button 5, the selected button is activated, and the function associated with the selected button is performed. The selected button 2 according to the invention is animated, e.g. has another color and another shape than an unselected button 3, and its color or shape may change. Particularly, the button may also be replaced by a moving symbol, a moving cartoon or the like, depending on the state.

[0012] A preferred embodiment of the invention is based on the syntax and semantics of the subtitling specification contained in the document "ETS 300 743: Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Subtitling System" (DVB-ST), provided by the European Telecommunication Standardization Institute (ETSI). To provide enhanced capabilities for menus relating to optical storage media, the page composition segment defined in DVB-ST is extended to describe animated menu buttons and to associate a sound or sound sequence to a button. The enhanced page composition segment is herein called a "menu page composition segment".

[0013] This invention, like DVB_ST, uses page composition segments to describe the position of one or more rec-



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1615 LStreet, N. W	V., Suite 850	, -	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment to date is 538 day(s). If the issue fee is paid on the date that is three months after the mailing date of this notice and the patent issues on the Tuesday before the date that is 28 weeks (six and a half months) after the mailing date of this notice, the Patent Term Adjustment will be 538 day(s).

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

	Field	Size	Туре
1	menu_page_composition_segment () {		
2	sync_byte	8	bslbf
3	segment type	8	bslbf
4	page_id	16	bslbf
5	segment length	16	uimsbf
6	page time out	8	uimsbf
7	page version number	4	uimsbf
8	page_state	2	bslbf
9	animation frame rate_code	4	uimsbf
10	reserved	6	bslbf
11	<pre>while (processed length < segment_length) {</pre>	8	uimsbf
12	button number	16	uimsbf
13	button horizontal_address	16	uimsbf
14	button vertical address		
15	neighbour info()	8	uimsbf
16	upper_button_number	8	uimsbf
17	lower button number	8	uimsbf
18	left button number	8	uimsbf
19	right button_number		
20	normal state info()	8	uimsbf
21	start_region_id_normal	8	uimsbf
22	end region id normal	8	uimsbf
23	selected state info()	16	uimsbf
24	start_region_id_selected	8	uimsbf
25	end region id selected	8	uimsbf
26	action state info()		
27	start_region_id_activated	8	uimsbf
28	end region id activated	8	uimsbf
29	button_command_info()		
30	sound_info()		
31	selected sound id	8	uimsbf
32	activated_sound_id	8	uimsbf
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Tab.1: Syntax of a menu page composition segment
A segment is generally a data unit within the storage area.
The segment_type defines its type. The menu page
composition segment may be identified by setting e.g.
segment_type = 0x18, since this value is not used in DVB-ST
yet. The other fields in lines 2-8 of Tab.1 define the
segment data set.

[0021] The animation_frame_rate_code field specifies the frame rate of animations in the case of animated buttons being used. It applies to a range of regions specified by start_region_id_xxx and end_region_id_xxx, with the "xxx" referring the state of a button. If a start_region_id_xxx and its corresponding end_region_id_xxx differ, they define a range of regions that shall be presented with this animation frame rate. For the normal and selected state, the presentation may be cyclically repeated; for the "activated" state, the presentation shall be performed only once. When any

start_region_id_xxx is identical to the associated end_region_id_xxx, this designates a static or non-animated button state. Only the region designated by start_region_id_xxx is displayed, and for that button state the animation_frame_rate_code shall have no meaning.

[0022] Tab.2 shows an exemplary list of animation_frame_rate_codes. An animation may be visible at full video frame rate, e.g. 30 pictures per second, meaning that with each video frame another phase of the animation is displayed. It may also be sufficient to display only with every other video frame another phase of the animated button, thus achieving another effect. Further, it is possible to define the frame rate to either be relative or absolute. Therefore the values of the animation_frame_rate_code field have two different meanings, depending on if an associated video is present. In this case the animation_frame_rate_code gives the animation frame rate relative to the video frame rate, otherwise it gives the absolute frame rate.

Tab.2:

Example of animation_frame_rate_code				
animation_frame_ rate_code	Relative animation frame rate	Abs. animation Frame rate		
0x0	Reserved	Reserved		
0x1	Full video frame rate	30 Hz		
0x2	½ of video frame rate	15 Hz 8 Hz		
0x3	1/4 of video frame rate			
0x4	1/8 of video frame rate	4 Hz		
0x5	1/16 of video frame rate	2 Hz		
0x6	1/32 of video frame rate	1 Hz		
0x7 - 0xF	reserved	Reserved		

[0023] The button_number field specifies a number that is an internal identifier for a button, and is used for the fields defined below, e.g. the neighbour_info() field. Additionally, when button_number is entered directly through the user interface (UI), the associated button may be activated. Therefore a button_number is unique within the menu. It may be e.g. a two-digit number in the range between 0 and 99.

[0024] Some fields used for menu animation according to the invention must be specified separately for each button. They are listed from line 11 of Tab.1, where a loop over all buttons starts. Each instance of the loop refers to one button. Implicitly, the button described by the first instance of the while-loop within

menu_page_composition_segment () may be considered as "selected" when entering the menu, and may be considered as "activated" if a page timeout for the menu is set and becomes active.

[0025] The button_horizontal_address field specifies the horizontal address of the top left pixel of the button. The specified horizontal position may be in between 0 and video_width-1.

Likewise, the button_vertical_address field specifies the vertical address of the top left pixel of the button. The specified vertical position may be in between 0 and video_height-1.

[0026] The upper_button_number field specifies the button to be selected when the user navigates upward from the current button. The lower_button_number field specifies the button to be selected when the user navigates downward from the current button. The left_button_number field specifies the button to be selected when the user navigates left from the current button. And the right_button_number field specifies the button to be selected when the user navigates right from the current button.

[0027] The start_region_id_normal field specifies the ID of the first region to be presented for a button presentation in normal state, and the end_region_id_normal field specifies the ID of the last region to be presented for a button presentation in normal state. All regions with an ID between and including start_region_id_normal and end_region_id_normal shall exist; if start_region_id_normal differs from end_region_id_normal, that range of regions shall be presented cyclically with the animation frame rate as defined by animation_frame_rate_code.

[0028] The start_region_id_selected field specifies the ID of the first region to be presented for a button presentation in the selected state, and the end_region_id_selected field specifies the ID of the last region to be presented for a button presentation in the selected state. All regions with IDs between start_region_id_selected and end_region_id_selected shall exist; if start_region_id_selected differs from end_region_id_selected, that range of regions shall be presented cyclically with the animation frame rate described by animation_frame_rate_code.

[0029] The start_region_id_activated field specifies the ID of the first region to be presented for a button presentation

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in activated state, and the end_region_id_activated field specifies the ID of the last region to be presented for a button presentation in activated state. All regions with IDs between start_region_id_activated and end_region_id_activated shall exist; if start_region_id_activated differs from end_region_id_activated, that range of regions shall be presented once with the animation frame rate described by animation_frame_rate_code.

[0030] The button_command_info() field serves as a container for commands associated with this button, specifying the commands to be performed when the button is activated.

[0031] Finally, the selected_sound_id field specifies the ID of the sound to be played when the button enters the "selected" state, and the activated_sound_id field specifies the ID of the sound to be played when the button enters the "activated" state.

[0032] The invention may be used particularly for menus stored on Blu-ray discs, but also DVD or other optical or non-optical high-capacity storage media.

Claims

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- 1. A method for representing menu buttons (2,3), the menu buttons (2,3) having an associated state, the state being unselected (3), selected (2) or activated, **characterized in that**
 - data representing the menu items and the menu buttons are stored on a storage medium;
 - a menu button is represented differently, depending on its state; and
 - the state of a menu button is specified by its representation, e.g. color, shape or associated sound.
- 2. Method according to claim 1, wherein the data representing a menu button on the display are image data, being a still picture or a sequence of pictures.

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- 3. Method according to claim 2, wherein for a certain state the sequence of pictures representing a button is repeated as long as the button remains in its state.
- 4. Method according to claim 2 or 3, wherein the rate at which a sequence of pictures is displayed is stored on said storage medium.
 - 5. Method according to claim 4, wherein the rate is an absolute rate, or relative to the video frame rate.
 - 6. Method according to any of the previous claims, wherein a sound or sound sequence may be associated to a state of a menu button, the sound or sound sequence being played back upon entry of the button into the associated state.
 - 7. Method according to any of the previous claims, wherein the display position of a menu button is determined by a region identifier, the region identifier being stored on said storage medium.
- 8. Method according to any of the previous claims, wherein the data structure on said storage medium contains a segment defining the page composition, the data segment containing said data representing the menu items and the menu buttons.
 - 9. A storage medium containing a data segment representing menu data, the menu data comprising menu buttons, wherein the menu buttons may be represented according to any of the methods of claims 1-8.
 - 10. An apparatus for displaying a menu on a screen, the menu being controlled by menu data read from a storage medium and the menu comprising menu buttons, wherein the menu buttons may be represented according to any of the methods of claims 1-8.

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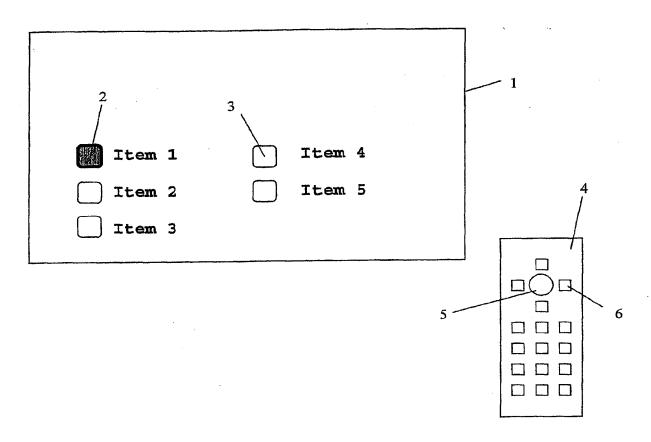


Fig.1



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Application Number EP 03 00 6663

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EP 03 00 6663

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